FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2013
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2013

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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Governing Board Bayshore Sanitary District Brisbane, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Bayshore Sanitary District as of June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Governing Board Bayshore Sanitary District Brisbane, CA

### Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bayshore Sanitary District as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other information

The information identified in the accompanying table of contents as Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it.

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Fechter & Company, Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

August 29, 2013

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The following discussion and analysis of the Bayshore Sanitary District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the District financial statements.

#### District Highlights

- Extended negotiations with the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission resulted in the
  execution of a new contract effective January 1, 2013. Based on the first billing under the
  terms of the new contract, the formula now being used resulted in a decrease in costs for the
  second half of the fiscal year.
- The District reviewed and approved its updated Sewer System Management Plan.
- Non-operating revenues increased approximately \$200,000 over the previous year. This increase was due to the fact that the District received significantly more redevelopment tax revenue than anticipated from the successor agencies of the Daly City and Brisbane Redevelopment Agencies when preparing the budget.
- Operating expenses remained steady with the preceding fiscal year. However, there were
  increased legal and engineering costs associated with the negotiations of the District's
  contract for wastewater disposal with the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements, and Supplementary Information. The Financial Statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information contained in those statements.

#### **Required Financial Statements**

District financial statements report information about the District's use of accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Fund Net Assets includes all District assets and liabilities, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resource (assets) and obligations to creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets. This statement measures the success of the District operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through its user fees and other charges. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the District cash receipts, cash disbursements and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and capital and noncapital financial activities. It provides answers to questions such as, "Where did the cash come from?" "Cash was used for what purpose?" and "What was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

One of the most important questions asked about the District finances is whether or not the District's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated. The Statement of Fund Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets report information about the District activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net assets of the District and changes in them. You can think of District net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in District net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider include changes in economic conditions, population growth, condition of the District's pipeline infrastructure, future expected infrastructure costs and new or changed legislation.

#### Changes in Net Assets

District total net assets increased from the previous year by \$290,432. The following condensed financial statements show fund net asset position, statement of fund net assets and statement of revenue and expenses and changes in fund net assets.

#### Condensed Statement of Fund Net Assets

	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
Current Assets Capital Assets	\$ 3,792,753 2,624,209	\$ 3,454,362 2,675,348	\$ 338,391 (51,139)	9.79% -1.91%
Total Assets	6,416,962	6,129,710	287,252	4.69%
Current Liabilities	13,170	16,350	3,180	19.45%
Total Liabilities	13,170	16,350	3,180	19.45%
Invested in Capital Assets Restricted for Connection Fees Unrestricted	2,624,209 80,738 3,698,845	2,675,348 80,738 3,357,274	(51,139)	-1.91% -% 10.17%
Total Net Assets	\$6,403,792	\$6,113,360	\$ 290,432	4.75%

Changes in District net assets can be determined by reviewing the following condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Fund Net Assets.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

# Condensed Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
Operating Revenue Property Taxes	\$ 1,030,118 344,163	\$ 1,051,101	\$ (20,983)	-1.99%
Connection Fees	1,807	240,754 2,953	103,409 (1,146)	30.05% -38.81%
Interest Income and other	19,791	15,034	4,757	31.64%
Total Revenue	1,395,879	1,309,842	86,037	6.57%
Operating Expenses	1,105,447	1,114,630	9,183	-0.82%
Increase in Fund Net Assets	290,432	195,212	95,220	48.77%
Fund Net Assets, Beginning of Year	6,113,360	5,618,137		
Prior period adjustment		300,011		
Fund Net Assets, End of Year	\$6,403,792	\$6,113,360		

### **Budgetary Highlights**

The District is not required by statute to adopt a budget. However, in its commitment to fiscal responsibility, the District adopts an annual budget that outlines the major elements of forthcoming operations and capital improvements.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$2,624,209 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in capital assets.

The assets included: land, buildings, sewage collection system consisting of subsurface lines and pumps, and equipment. The decrease of \$51,139 in capital assets for this year is due to the annual depreciation expense taken on district assets. In the previous fiscal year, the District engineer reviewed the depreciation schedule and determined that there were items that had not been capitalized from the 2004-2008 fiscal years. The District also replaced a couple of laterals as part of its ongoing maintenance of District infrastructure. There was no such activity during the 2012/2013 fiscal year.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The following table summarizes District capital assets at historical costs for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	2013	2012
Land	\$ 54,424	\$ 54,424
Buildings	470,226	470,226
Sewage collection system	3,356,614	3,356,614
Furniture and equipment	15,747	15,747
Accumulated depreciation	3,897,011 (1,272,802)	3,897,011 (1,221,663)
Total capital assets	\$2,624,209	\$2,675,348

# RATES AND OTHER ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District is governed in part by provisions of the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) that require rate-based revenues that must cover the costs of operation, maintenance and recurring capital replacement (OM&R). The District is not subject to general economic conditions such as increases or declines in property tax values or other types of revenues that vary with economic conditions such as sales taxes. Accordingly, the District sets its rates to its users to cover the costs of OM&R plus any increments for known or anticipated changes in program costs.

Increases in operating costs have been kept at or below inflationary levels in recent years.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of District finances, and demonstrate District accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the District at 36 Industrial Way, Brisbane, CA 94005 or (415) 467-1144.

# BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2013

#### ASSETS

Current Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	3,788,492
Trade receivables	4	2,720
Interest receivable		1,541
Total current assets		3,792,753
Capital assets		2 907 011
Accumulated depreciation		3,897,011
•		(1,272,802)
Total capital assets, net		2,624,209
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,416,962
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	13,170
Total current liabilities		12 170
		13,170
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net		2,624,209
Restricted for connection fees		80,738
Unrestricted		3,698,845
Total net assets		6,403,792
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	6,416,962

# BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Operating revenues:	
Sewer service charges Permit and inspection fees	\$ 1,030,118
1 Crimit and hispection rees	6,088
Total operating revenues	1,036,206
Operating expenses:	
Sewage collection	152,738
Sewage treatment	795,334
Administration and general	157,375
Total operating expenses	1,105,447
Operating income (loss)	(69,241)
Non-operating revenues and (expenses):	
Taxes revenue	344,163
Interest income	14,018
Other	(315)
Total non-operating revenues and (expenses)	357,866
Income (loss) before contributions	288,625
Capital contributions (connection fees)	1,807
Change in net assets	290,432
Beginning net assets	6,113,360
Prior period adjustment	-
Ending net assets	\$ 6,403,792

# BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,102,752
Payments to suppliers	(1,057,488)
Net cash provided by operating activities	45,264
Cash Flows from non-capital financing activities:	
Receipts from property taxes and other operating income	344,163
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	344,163
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Connection fees collected	1,807
Other income	(315)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing	
activities	1,492
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Capital expenses	
Interest income	14,724
Net cash provided by investing activities	14,724
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	405,643
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,382,849
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,788,492
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	
provided by (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	<b>(</b>
opolating moome (1000)	\$ (69,241)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	51,139
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	66,546
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(3,180)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 45,264

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Bayshore Sanitary District (District) is a California Special District, formed in June 1925. The District operates a wastewater collection facility serving portions of the City of Brisbane and the Bayshore area of Daly City. Revenues are derived principally from sewer service charges collected from commercial and residential users within the District.

Although the nucleus of a financial reporting entity usually is a primary government, an organization other than a primary government, such as a stand-alone government, may serve as the nucleus for its financial reporting entity when the stand-alone government provides separately issued financial statements. A stand-alone government is a legally separate governmental organization that does not have a separately elected governing body and does not meet the definition of a component unit. The Bayshore Sanitary District meets the criteria as a stand-alone government, and accordingly, is accounted for and reported on as though it were a primary government.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures for California special districts. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and Audits of State and Local Governmental Units, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated. The District has only one fund, its main operating fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (Whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### C. Basis of Accounting - continued

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the District. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the District. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as property taxes, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

As permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board's statement number 20, the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as all applicable FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989.

#### D. Budget

Annually, the Board adopts an operating budget. This budget is revised by the Board during the year, if necessary, to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption.

# E. Property, Plant, Equipment and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated fair value on the date of contribution. District historically has capitalized assets with a value of greater than \$5,000.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows: Buildings -50 years; sewage collection system -80 years; and furniture and equipment 5-20 years.

#### F. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less, when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. The District did not incur any interest expense during the year presented. All investments at June 30, 2013 are considered cash equivalents.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### H. Revenues - Connection Fees

Connection fees represent a one-time contribution of resources to the District imposed on contractors and developers for the purpose of financing growth-related construction and improvements. Connection fees are recognized as other capital contributions in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

#### I. Accounts Receivable

Management believes that the District's receivables are fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made.

# J. Property Tax Revenues and Sanitation Service Charges

Property taxes and irrigation service charges are billed and collected by the County of San Mateo through the property tax billings. Real property taxes are levied against owners of record. The taxes are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes are based on assessed values of real property. A revaluation of all real property must be made upon sale or completion of construction.

# NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Summary of Deposits and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2013, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,250,107
Investments	 2,538,385
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 3,788,492

#### General Authorizations

Unless otherwise expressly approved by the District Board, funds available for investment shall be deposited and/or invested only as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued

- Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation-issued accounts in banks or savings and loan associations as permitted by CGC 53635
- The Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) created by CGC 16429.1

The following investments are prohibited by the District under the provisions of CGC 53601.6 and 63631.5; Inverse floaters, range notes, interest-only strips derived from mortgage pools or any investment that may result in a zero interest accrual if held to maturity.

The District's investments were in compliance with the above provisions as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing only shorter-term investments as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity Date
State Investment Pool	\$ 3,788,492	212 Days

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The state investment pool is not rated.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy, as well as the California Government Code, requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued

(unless so waived by the governmental unit). The marked value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2013, the District's bank balance of \$1,265,937, with a reported balance of \$1,250,107, is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. However, the District's policy states that all security transactions entered into by the Bayshore Sanitary District shall be conducted on delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. All securities purchased or acquired shall be delivered to the Bayshore Sanitary District by book entry, physical delivery or by third party custodial agreement (CGC 53601).

#### Investment in the State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the LAIF that is regulated by California government code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statement at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

#### NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in the District's capital assets and related accumulated depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2013, are summarized as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2012		Additions Deletions			Balance ne 30, 2013	
Land	\$	54,424	\$	_	\$	-	\$	54,424
Buildings		470,226		_		_	*	470,226
Sewage collection system		3,356,614		_		_		3,356,614
Furniture and equipment		15,747		_		_		15,747
Total historical cost	***************************************	3,897,011						3,897,011
Accumulated depreciation	(	1,221,663)	(51	,139)				- ,
Total net of accumulated depreciation		2,675,348			<del></del>			(1,272,802)
2 0 44 Mor of accumulated depreciation	Φ	4,073,346	1C) ¢	,139)	\$	*	\$	2,624,209

#### NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions' injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District joined together with other entities to form the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 53 member entities. The purpose of CSRMA is to spread the adverse effects of losses among the member entities and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its cost. The District pays annual premiums to CSRMA for its Pooled Liability and Property Damage insurance.

CSRMA is governed by a Board composed of one representative from each member agency. The Board controls the operations of CSRMA including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member entities.

Audited condensed financial information for CSRMA is presented below for the year ended June 30, 2012 (most recent information available):

Total Assets	\$ 30,047,691
Total Liabilities	17,709,465
Equity	12,338,226
Total revenues	8,879,110
Total expenses	\$ 12,460,997

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT - continued

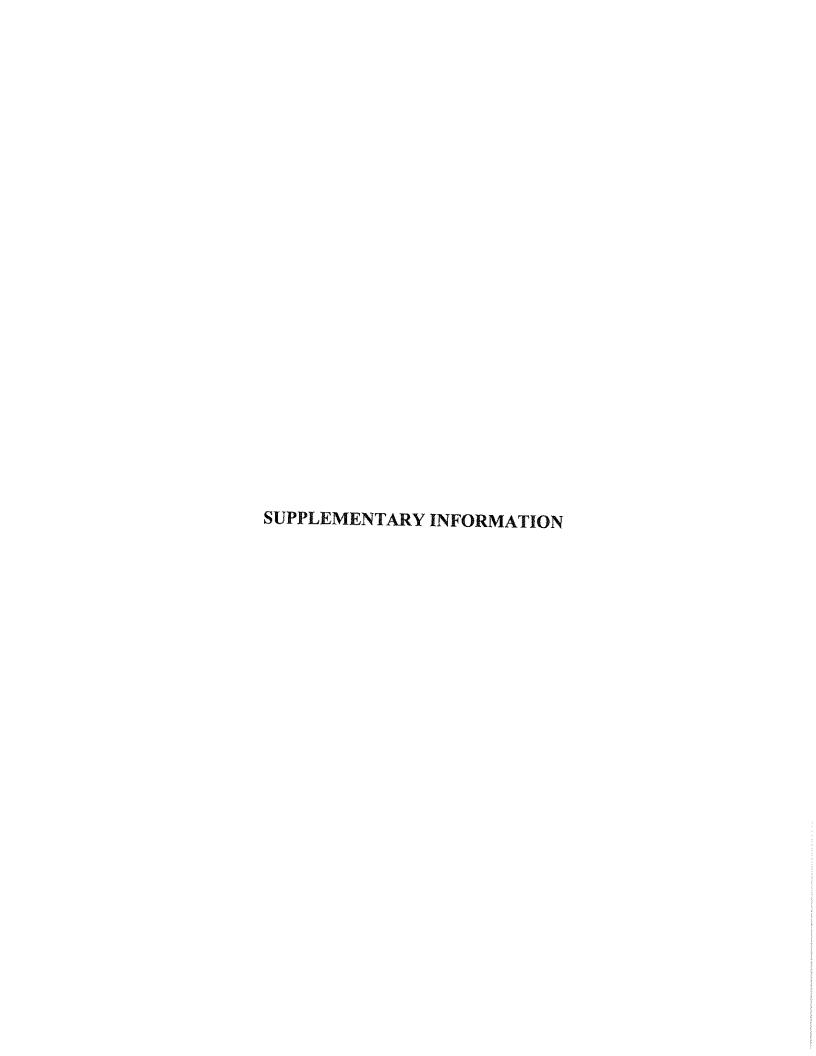
The policy includes coverage limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence/\$3,000,000 in aggregate for Commercial General Liability; limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence/\$1,000,000 in aggregate for Excess General Liability and Errors & Omissions.

# NOTE 5: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is exposed to litigation that arises from the normal course of business. It is the assertion of legal counsel and management that no litigation exists at June 30, 2013 that will adversely affect the District's financial position.

### NOTE 6: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has reviewed events through August 31, 2013. No matters have been noted that would materially affect the carrying balances of district assets and liabilities.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Board of Directors Bayshore Sanitary District Brisbane, California

Our report on our audit of the basic financial statements of Bayshore Sanitary District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, appears on page 1. That audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The comparative statement of operating expense with budget for the year ended June 30, 2013, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Fechter & Company, Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

August 29, 2013

# BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES WITH BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Operating expenses:		Budget		Actual	Ur	nder (Over) Budget
Sewage treatment	***************************************			1 1000001	-	Dudget
Sewage treatment expense	\$	883,000	\$	795,334	\$	87,666
Sewage collection						
Gas and oil		300		<b>84</b>		300
Operation and maintenance		85,000		83,731		1,269
Repairs and maintenance		10,000		7,241		2,759
Utilities		11,000		7,908		3,092
Special services		2,700		2,719		(19)
Depreciation		-		51,139		(51,139)
Total sewage collection		109,000	***************************************	152,738	***************************************	(43,738)
Administrative and general						
Payroll & Benefits		10,600		11,540		(940)
Director fees		18,400		11,360		7,040
Insurance		10,000		8,288		1,712
Licenses and permits		4,000		2,735		1,712
Memberships		3,000		2,846		154
Office expense		5,000		3,577		1,423
Audit and accounting fees		10,000		9,877		123
Legal fees		30,000		30,065		(65)
Other services		3,000		2,853		147
Engineering fees		64,000		57,703		6,297
Administration		17,000		15,003		1,997
Printing and publications		1,500		1,117		383
Travel and meetings		5,000		161		4,839
Repairs and maintenance		500		250		250
Capital improvements		44,000				44,000
Total administrative and general		226,000		157,375		68,625
otal operating expenses	<b>\$</b> 1	1,218,000	\$ 1	,105,447	\$	112,553