

**BAYSHORE**  
**SANITARY DISTRICT**  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AND  
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
WITH  
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2016

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT  
JUNE 30, 2016**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board  
Bayshore Sanitary District  
Brisbane, California

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Bayshore Sanitary District as of June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Governing Board  
Bayshore Sanitary District  
Brisbane, California

**Unmodified Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bayshore Sanitary District as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Other information**

The information identified in the accompanying table of contents as Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it.

Fechter & Company,  
Certified Public Accountants

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Fechter & Company, CPAs".

Sacramento, California  
September 16, 2016

## **BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016**

The following discussion and analysis of the Bayshore Sanitary District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District financial statements.

#### **District Highlights**

- There was an increase in connection fees this fiscal year attributed to an uptick in development within District boundaries.
- Total operating expenses remained steady with the preceding fiscal year; however, the San Francisco Public Utility Commission sewer service charge exceeded the budgeted amount by \$70,000. This was due to an increase in the contractual payment to the Commission.
- Capital expenditures were less than budgeted. Replacement of the District's generator will be carried over to the FY 2016-17 budget year.
- The District completed updating of the end of fiscal year Procedures Manual, which reviews the annual SFPUC sewer service charge, review of connection fees, and compilation of annual sewer service charges amongst other things.
- The Graphic Information System (GIS) mapping system was completed.
- The FY 2014-2015 Capital Improvement project done by Stoloski & Gonzalez was completed.
- The District began the plan review process for development and redevelopment of several projects in the area.
- The District approved participation in San Mateo County's all mail ballot, a pilot program sponsored by the State.
- The State mandated Municipal Service Review of the North San Mateo County, including the District, was adopted September 16, 2015.
- In commemoration of the District's 90<sup>th</sup> year of service, it sent an informational flyer, data sheet, and magnet with frequently need utility numbers to its customers.
- The District developed a procedure with the City of Daly City whereby developers and residents who apply to develop or redevelop property are made aware of the District's requirements.
- As required by SB 272, a link to the District's Catalog of Enterprise Systems has been added to our website.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements, and Supplementary Information. The Financial Statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information contained in those statements.

#### **Required Financial Statements**

District financial statements report information about the District's use of accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all District assets and liabilities, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in

## **BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016**

resources (assets) and obligations to creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the success of the District operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through its user fees and other charges. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the District cash receipts, cash disbursements, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and capital and noncapital financial activities. It provides answers to questions such as, "Where did the cash come from?" "Cash was used for what purpose?" and "What was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

#### **FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT**

One of the most important questions asked about the District finances is whether or not the District's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information about the District activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net position of the District and changes in them. You can think of District net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in District net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider include changes in economic conditions, population growth, condition of the District's pipeline infrastructure, future expected infrastructure costs, and new or changed legislation.

#### **Changes in Net Position**

District total net position increased from the previous year by \$42,074. The following condensed financial statements show net position, statement of net position, and statement of revenue and expenses, and changes in net position:

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
JUNE 30, 2016**

**Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Current Assets	\$ 4,576,647	\$ 4,485,032	\$ 91,615	2.04%
Capital Assets	<u>2,514,499</u>	<u>2,566,119</u>	<u>(51,620)</u>	-2.01%
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>7,091,146</u>	<u>7,051,151</u>	<u>39,995</u>	.57%
Current Liabilities	<u>9,832</u>	<u>11,911</u>	<u>(2,079)</u>	-17.45%
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>9,832</u>	<u>11,911</u>	<u>(2,079)</u>	-17.45%
Invested in Capital Assets	2,514,499	2,566,119	(51,620)	-2.01%
Restricted for Connection Fees	80,738	80,738	-	-
Unrestricted	<u>4,486,077</u>	<u>4,392,383</u>	<u>93,694</u>	2.13%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<u>\$ 7,081,314</u>	<u>\$ 7,039,240</u>	<u>\$ 42,074</u>	.60%

Changes in District net position can be determined by reviewing the following condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position.

**Condensed Statement of Revenues and Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position**

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Operating Revenue	\$ 1,061,276	\$ 1,087,413	\$ (26,137)	-3.76%
Property Taxes	273,567	383,513	(109,946)	-28.67%
Connection Fees	75,542	10,155	65,387	643.89%
Interest Income and other	<u>17,198</u>	<u>16,677</u>	<u>521</u>	3.12%
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<u>1,427,583</u>	<u>1,497,758</u>	<u>(70,175)</u>	-4.68%
Operating Expenses	<u>1,385,509</u>	<u>1,072,842</u>	<u>(312,667)</u>	-29.14%
<b>Increase in Net Position</b>	42,074	424,916	(382,842)	-90.09%
<b>Fund Net Position, Begin</b>	<u>7,039,240</u>	<u>6,614,324</u>		
<b>Fund Net Position, End</b>	<u>\$7,081,314</u>	<u>\$7,039,240</u>		

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

**MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
JUNE 30, 2016**

**Budgetary Highlights**

The District is not required by statute to adopt a budget. However, in its commitment to fiscal responsibility, the District adopts an annual budget that outlines the major elements of forthcoming operations and capital improvements.

**CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the District had \$2,514,499 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in capital assets. The assets included: land, buildings, sewage collection system consisting of subsurface lines and pumps, and equipment. The decrease of \$51,620 in capital assets for this year is due to the annual depreciation expense taken on District assets. The District also replaced a couple of laterals as part of its ongoing maintenance of District infrastructure. The following table summarizes District capital assets at historical costs for fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	2016	2015
Land	\$ 54,424	\$ 54,424
Construction in Progress	29,777	29,777
Buildings	470,226	470,226
Sewage collection system	3,371,936	3,371,936
Furniture and equipment	15,747	15,747
	<u>3,942,110</u>	<u>3,942,110</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,427,611)</u>	<u>(1,375,991)</u>
	<u>\$2,514,499</u>	<u>\$2,566,119</u>

**RATES AND OTHER ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The District is governed in part by provisions of the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) that require rate-based revenues that must cover the costs of operation, maintenance, and recurring capital replacement (OM&R). The District is not subject to general economic conditions such as increases or declines in property tax values or other types of revenues that vary with economic conditions such as sales taxes. Accordingly, the District sets its rates to its users to cover the costs of OM&R plus any increments for known or anticipated changes in program costs. Increases in operating costs have been kept at or below inflationary levels in recent years.

**REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of District finances, and demonstrate District accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the District at 36 Industrial Way, Brisbane, CA 94005, or (415) 467-1144.



**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**A. Reporting Entity**

Bayshore Sanitary District (District) is a California Special District, formed in June 1925. The District operates a wastewater collection facility serving portions of the City of Brisbane and the Bayshore area of Daly City. Revenues are derived principally from sewer service charges collected from commercial and residential users within the District.

Although the nucleus of a financial reporting entity usually is a primary government, an organization other than a primary government, such as a stand-alone government, may serve as the nucleus for its financial reporting entity when the stand-alone government provides separately issued financial statements. A stand-alone government is a legally separate governmental organization that does not have a separately elected governing body and does not meet the definition of a component unit. The Bayshore Sanitary District meets the criteria as a stand-alone government, and, accordingly, is accounted for and reported on as though it were a primary government.

**B. Basis of Presentation**

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures for California special districts. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and Audits of State and Local Governmental Units, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

**C. Basis of Accounting**

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated. The District has only one fund, its main operating fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the “economic resources” measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**C. Basis of Accounting - continued**

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the District. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the District. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as property taxes, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. As permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board's statement number 20, the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as all applicable FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989.

**D. Budget**

Annually, the Board adopts an operating budget. This budget is revised by the Board during the year, if necessary, to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption. The budget presented on page 18 is not on GAAP basis as it presents capital improvements as an expense as opposed to a capitalized item.

**E. Property, Plant, Equipment and Depreciation**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated fair value on the date of contribution. The District historically has capitalized assets with a value of greater than \$5,000.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows: Buildings – 50 years; sewage collection system – 80 years; and furniture and equipment – 5-20 years.

**F. Statement of Cash Flows**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less, when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents. The District did not incur any interest expense during the year presented. All investments at June 30, 2016, are considered cash equivalents.

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

**NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

**G. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**H. Revenues – Connection Fees**

Connection fees represent a one-time contribution of resources to the District imposed on contractors and developers for the purpose of financing growth-related construction and improvements. Connection fees are recognized as other capital contributions in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

**I. Accounts Receivable**

Management believes that the District's receivables are fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made.

**J. Property Tax Revenues and Sanitation Service Charges**

Property taxes and irrigation service charges are billed and collected by the County of San Mateo through the property tax billings. Real property taxes are levied against owners of record. The taxes are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes are based on assessed values of real property. A revaluation of all real property must be made upon sale or completion of construction.

**K. GASB Statement 63**

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63 (GASB 63), *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. GASB 63 provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. It also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position, or the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. As implied above, GASB 63 changes the previous classification of net assets to net position, and, consequently, the statement of net assets to the statement of net position. The District had no deferred inflows or outflows of resources as of June 30, 2016.

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

**NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

**Summary of Deposits and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,995,312
Investments	2,560,049
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$ 4,555,361</u>

**General Authorizations**

Unless otherwise expressly approved by the District Board, funds available for investment shall be deposited and/or invested only as follows:

- Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation-issued accounts in banks or savings and loan associations as permitted by CGC 53635
- The Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) created by CGC 16429.1

The following investments are prohibited by the District under the provisions of CGC 53601.6 and 63631.5: Inverse floaters, range notes, interest-only strips derived from mortgage pools, or any investment that may result in a zero interest accrual if held to maturity.

The District's investments were in compliance with the above provisions as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016.

**Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing only shorter-term investments, as necessary, to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>
State Investment Pool	<u>\$ 2,560,049</u>	212 Days

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

**NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued**

**Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The state investment pool is not rated.

**Concentration of Credit Risk**

The District's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy, as well as the California Government Code, requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the District's bank balance of \$1,996,324, with a reported balance of \$1,995,312, is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Investments**

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. However, the District's policy states that all security transactions entered into by the Bayshore Sanitary District shall be conducted on delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. All securities purchased or acquired shall be delivered to the Bayshore Sanitary District by book entry, physical delivery, or by third party custodial agreement (CGC 53601).

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

**NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued**

**Investment in the State Investment Pool**

The District is a voluntary participant in the LAIF that is regulated by California government code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statement at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS**

Changes in the District's capital assets and related accumulated depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016
Land	\$ 54,424	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,424
Construction in Progress	29,777	-	-	29,777
Buildings	470,226	-	-	470,226
Sewage collection system	3,371,936	-	-	3,371,936
Furniture and equipment	15,747	-	-	15,747
Total historical cost	<u>3,942,110</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,942,110</u>
Accumulated depreciation	(1,375,991)	(51,620)	-	(1,427,611)
Total net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 2,566,119</u>	<u>\$ (51,620)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,514,499</u>

**NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions' injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District joined together with other entities to form the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 53 member entities. The purpose of CSRMA is to spread the adverse effects of losses among the member entities and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its cost. The District pays annual premiums to CSRMA for its Pooled Liability and Property Damage insurance.

CSRMA is governed by a Board composed of one representative from each member agency. The Board controls the operations of CSRMA including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member entities.

**BAYSHORE SANITARY DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

**NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT - continued**

Audited condensed financial information for CSRMA is presented below for the year ended June 30, 2015 (most recent information available):

Total Assets	\$ 27,418,098
Total Liabilities	16,714,638
Equity	<u>10,703,460</u>
Total revenues	<u>10,895,632</u>
Total expenses	<u>\$ 11,157,866</u>

The policy includes coverage limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence/\$3,000,000 in aggregate for Commercial General Liability; limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence/\$1,000,000 in aggregate for Excess General Liability and Errors & Omissions.

**NOTE 5: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The District is exposed to litigation that arises from the normal course of business. It is the assertion of legal counsel and management that no litigation exists at June 30, 2016 that will adversely affect the District's financial position.

**NOTE 6: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The District has reviewed events through September 16, 2016. No matters have been noted that would materially affect the carrying balances of district assets and liabilities.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

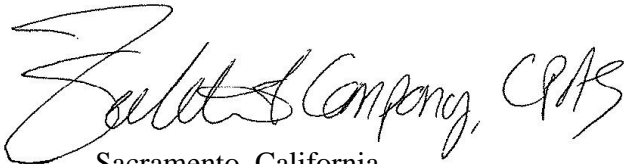


**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Board of Directors  
Bayshore Sanitary District  
Brisbane, California

Our report on our audit of the basic financial statements of Bayshore Sanitary District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, appears on pages 1 and 2. That audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The comparative statement of operating expense with budget for the year ended June 30, 2016, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Fechter & Company,  
Certified Public Accountants



Sacramento, California  
September 16, 2016